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1. A particle P moves on the x -axis. At time t seconds, its acceleration is $(5 - 2t) \text{ m s}^{-2}$, measured in the direction of x increasing. When $t = 0$, its velocity is 6 m s^{-1} measured in the direction of x increasing. Find the time when P is instantaneously at rest in the subsequent motion.

(6)

Q1

(Total 6 marks)



(2)

(4)

Q2

(Total 6 marks)



(4)

(4)

Q3

(Total 8 marks)



4.

Figure 1

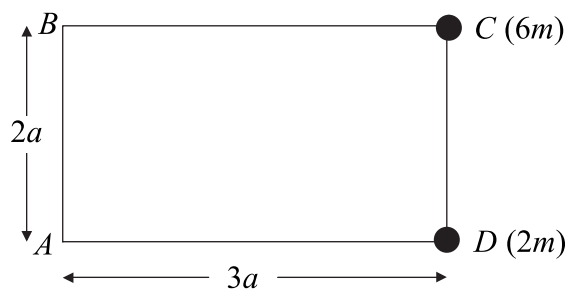


Figure 1 shows four uniform rods joined to form a rigid rectangular framework $ABCD$, where $AB = CD = 2a$, and $BC = AD = 3a$. Each rod has mass m . Particles, of mass $6m$ and $2m$, are attached to the framework at points C and D respectively.

(a) Find the distance of the centre of mass of the loaded framework from

(i) AB ,

(ii) AD .

(7)

The loaded framework is freely suspended from B and hangs in equilibrium.

(b) Find the angle which BC makes with the vertical.

(3)



Question 4 continued

(Total 10 marks)

Q4



(4)

(4)

Question 5 continued

(Total 8 marks)

Q5



Q6



- (c) Find the speed of P when it returns to A . (4)

Q7



- In the subsequent motion, B strikes a smooth vertical wall and rebounds. The wall is perpendicular to the direction of motion of B . The coefficient of restitution between B and the wall is $\frac{4}{5}$. Given that there is a second collision between A and B ,

- Given that $e = \frac{1}{\gamma}$,

- (c) find the total kinetic energy lost in the first collision between A and B . (3)



Question 8 continued

(Total 15 marks)

Q8

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

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