

(3)

The car's engine continues to work at 21 kW, and the resistance to motion from non-gravitational forces remains of magnitude 600 N.

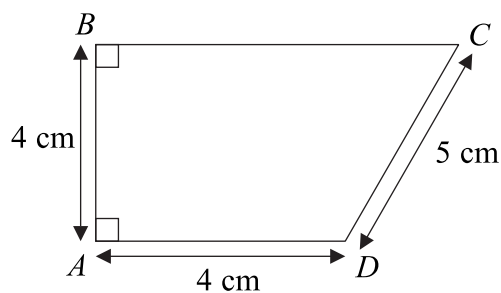
(4)

Q1



2.

Figure 1



A thin uniform wire, of total length 20 cm, is bent to form a frame. The frame is in the shape of a trapezium $ABCD$, where $AB = AD = 4$ cm, $CD = 5$ cm, and AB is perpendicular to BC and AD , as shown in Figure 1.

- (a) Find the distance of the centre of mass of the frame from AB .

(5)

The frame has mass M . A particle of mass kM is attached to the frame at C . When the frame is freely suspended from the mid-point of BC , the frame hangs in equilibrium with BC horizontal.

- (b) Find the value of k .

(3)



Q2

(Total 8 marks)



Q3

(Total 9 marks)



- (4)

(b) Find the speed with which the dart is thrown.

- (6)



Question 4 continued

Q4

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Turn over

(7)

(b) Show that, after B collides with C , there will be no further collisions between the spheres.

(7)

Question 5 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 5.



Question 5 continued

Q5

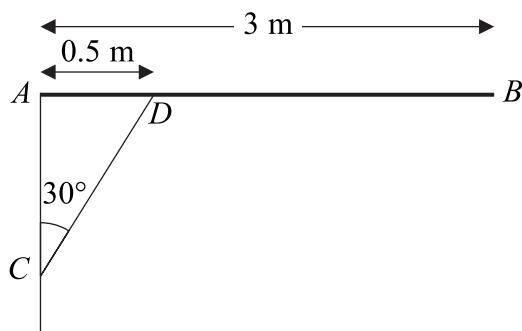
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Turn over

6.

Figure 2



A uniform pole AB , of mass 30 kg and length 3 m, is smoothly hinged to a vertical wall at one end A . The pole is held in equilibrium in a horizontal position by a light rod CD . One end C of the rod is fixed to the wall vertically below A . The other end D is freely jointed to the pole so that $\angle ACD = 30^\circ$ and $AD = 0.5$ m, as shown in Figure 2. Find

- (a) the thrust in the rod CD , (4)
- (b) the magnitude of the force exerted by the wall on the pole at A . (6)

The rod CD is removed and replaced by a longer light rod CM , where M is the mid-point of AB . The rod is freely jointed to the pole at M . The pole AB remains in equilibrium in a horizontal position.

- (c) Show that the force exerted by the wall on the pole at A now acts horizontally. (2)





Question 6 continued

Q6

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Turn over

- (c) Hence find the coefficient of friction between the brick and the chute. (3)

Another brick of mass 3 kg slides down the chute. This brick is given an initial speed of 2 m s^{-1} at the top of the chute.

- (d) Find the speed of this brick when it reaches the bottom of the chute. (5)



Question 7 continued

(Total 15 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

END

Q7



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