

No. 226742

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

---

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

---

Special Resolution

of

GENERAL ACCIDENT LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED

---

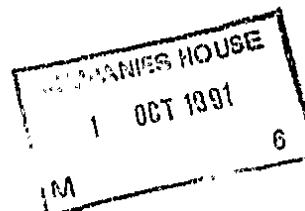
Passed 19th September 1991

---

At an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above named Company duly convened and held at Becket House, Cheapside, London on Thursday 19th September 1991 the following Resolution was duly passed as a SPECIAL RESOLUTION of the Company

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

THAT new Articles of Association of the Company in the form produced to the meeting and initialled by the Chairman thereof for the purpose of identification be and are hereby adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company to the exclusion of all existing Articles of Association



SECRETARY

## ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

### GENERAL ACCIDENT LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED

(Adopted by Special Resolution passed the 19th day of September 1991)

#### Adoption of Table A

1. In these articles "Table A" means Table A scheduled to The Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 as amended and in force at the date of the adoption of these Articles. The regulations contained in Table A shall, except where they are excluded or modified by these articles, apply to the company and, together with these articles, shall constitute the articles of the company. No other regulations set out in any statute concerning companies, or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation made under any statute, shall apply as the regulations or articles of the company.

#### Interpretation

2. Words and expressions which bear particular meanings in Table A shall bear the same meanings in these articles. References in these articles to writing include references to any method of representing or reproducing words in a legible and non-transitory form. Headings are for convenience only and shall not affect construction.

#### Rights attached to shares

3. Subject to the provisions of the Act and to any rights conferred on the holders of any other shares, any share may be issued with or have attached to it such rights and restrictions as the company may by ordinary resolution decide or, if no such resolution has been passed or so far as the resolution does not make specific provision, as the directors may decide. Regulation 2 of Table A shall not apply.

#### Unissued shares

4. Subject to the provisions of the Act and to these articles, any unissued shares of the company (whether forming part of the original or any increased capital) shall be at the disposal of the directors who may offer, allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons at such times and for such consideration and upon such terms and conditions as they may determine.

#### Exclusions of pre-emption rights

5. Section 89(1) of the Act shall not apply to the allotment by the company of any equity security.

#### Power to receive uncalled monies

6. The directors may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys uncalled and remaining unpaid on any shares held by him.

#### Transfer of shares

7. The instrument of transfer of a subscriber's share which is not fully paid need not be executed by or on behalf of the transferee. Regulation 23 of Table A shall be modified accordingly.
8. The directors may, in their absolute discretion and without giving any reason for so doing, decline to register any transfer of any share, whether or not it is a fully paid share. Regulation 24 of Table A shall be modified accordingly.

#### Ordinary Long Term Insurance Business Profits

9. The directors shall every twelve months cause an Actuary to investigate the financial condition of the Company in respect of its life assurance and annuity business and of any other ordinary long term insurance business (as defined by the Insurance Companies Act 1982 or any statutory amendment or re-enactment thereof) for the time being carried on by the Company. The profit (if any) of each of the said businesses shall be ascertained by such methods as the directors on the advice of the Actuary shall think fit and shall be declared by them either by anticipation or otherwise and they shall determine the amount of such profit (if any) which may be distributed. All such profits so declared distributable shall, subject as otherwise provided in the following Article or by the directors, be appropriated to the members of the Company.
10. Of the profit of the life assurance and annuity business so declared distributable, such proportion as shall be determined by the directors (not being less than 90 per cent) shall be appropriated to the life policies and annuity contracts of or binding upon the company which carry rights of participating in profits in accordance with the terms of such policies and contracts in such manner as the directors shall from time to time determine, and the balance of such profit shall be appropriated to the members of the Company. Provided that in determining the aforesaid proportion the directors may, in respect of any portion of the said distributable profit arising in or referable to any local

overseas fund created pursuant to the laws of the territory concerned, appropriate less than 90 per cent of such portion of distributable profit, but so that in aggregate the proportion of the distributable profit appropriated shall not be less than 90 per cent.

#### Notice of general meetings

11. Notice of every general meeting shall be given to all members other than any who, under the provisions of these articles or the terms of issue of the shares they hold, are not entitled to receive such notices from the company, and also to the auditors or, if more than one, each of them. The last sentence of Regulation 38 of Table A shall not apply.

#### Votes of members

12. At a general meeting, but subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative and every proxy for any member (regardless of the number or the holdings of the members for whom he is a proxy) shall have one vote, and on a poll every member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder. Regulation 54 of Table A shall not apply.

#### Members may vote when money payable by them

13. Regulation 57 of Table A shall not apply.

#### Delivery of proxies

14. The instrument appointing a proxy and (if required by the directors) any authority under which it is executed or a copy of the authority, certified notarially or in some other manner approved by the directors, may be delivered to the office (or to such other place or to such person as may be specified or agreed by the directors) before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to act or, in case of a poll taken subsequently to the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting, before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and an instrument of proxy which is not so delivered shall be invalid. The directors may at their discretion treat a faxed or other machine made copy of an instrument appointing a proxy as such an instrument for the purpose of this article. Regulation 62 of Table A shall not apply.

Alternate directors

15.

- (A) Each director may appoint any person to be his alternate and may at his discretion remove an alternate director so appointed. The appointment of an alternate director, unless previously approved by the board, shall have effect only upon and subject to its being so approved. Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be effected by notice in writing executed by the appointor and delivered to the office or tendered at a meeting of the board, or in any other manner approved by the board. If his appointor so requests, an alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of the board or of committees of the board of which his appointor is a member. He shall also be entitled to attend and vote as a director at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present and at the meeting to exercise and discharge all the functions, powers and duties of his appointor as a director and for the purposes of the proceedings at the meeting the provisions of these articles shall apply as if he were a director.
- (B) Every person acting as an alternate director shall (except as regards power to appoint an alternate and remuneration) be subject in all respects to the provisions of these articles relating to directors and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his acts and faults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of or the director appointing him. An alternate director may be paid expenses and shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company to the same extent as if he were a director but shall not be entitled to receive from the Company any fee in his capacity as an alternate director.
- (C) Every person acting as an alternate director shall have one vote for each director for whom he acts as alternate, in addition to his own vote if he is also a director. Execution by an alternate director of any resolution in writing of the board or a committee of the board shall, unless the notice of his appointment provides to the contrary, be as effective as execution by his appointor.
- (D) An alternate director shall automatically cease to be an alternate director if his appointor ceases for any reason to be a director except that, if at any meeting any director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deemed to be reappointed at the same meeting, any appointment made by him pursuant to this article which was in force immediately before his retirement shall remain in force as though he had not retired.

Regulations 65-69 of Table A shall not apply.

Power to provide for employees

16. The directors may by resolution exercise any power conferred by the Act to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the company or any of its subsidiaries in connection with the cessation or the transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the company or that subsidiary.

Delegation of directors' powers

17. The directors may delegate any of their powers (with power to sub-delegate) to committees consisting of such person or persons (whether directors or not) as they think fit. Regulation 72 of Table A shall be modified accordingly and references in Table A to a committee of directors or to a director as a member of such a committee shall include a committee established under this article or such person or persons.

Appointment and removal of directors by majority shareholders

18. Any member holding, or any members holding in aggregate, a majority in nominal value of such of the issued share capital for the time being of the company as carries the right of attending and voting at general meetings of the company may by memorandum in writing signed by or on behalf of him or them and delivered to the office or tendered at a meeting of the directors or at a general meeting of the company at any time and from time to time appoint any person to be a director (either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director) or remove any director from office (no matter how he was appointed).

Appointment of directors by board

19. Without prejudice to the powers conferred by any other article, any person may be appointed a director by the directors, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director.

Share qualification

20. No shareholding qualification for directors shall be required.

Disqualification and removal of directors

21. The office of a director shall be vacated not only upon the happening of any of the events mentioned in regulation 81 of Table A but also if he is removed from office pursuant to these articles. Regulation 81 of Table A shall be modified accordingly.

### Directors' gratuities and pensions

22. The directors may exercise all the powers of the company to provide benefits, either by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or in any other manner whether similar to the foregoing or not, for any director or former director or the relations, connections or dependants of any director or former director who holds or has held any executive office or employment with the company or with any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the company or with a predecessor in business of the company or of any such body corporate and may contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit. No director or former director shall be accountable to the company or the members for any benefit provided pursuant to this article and the receipt of any such benefit shall not disqualify any person from being or becoming a director of the company. Regulation 87 of Table A shall not apply.

### Notice of board meetings

23. Notice of a meeting of the directors shall be deemed to be properly given to a director if it is given to him personally or by word of mouth or sent in writing to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the company for this purpose, or by any other means authorised in writing by the director concerned. A director absent or intending to be absent from the United Kingdom may request the directors that notices of meetings of the directors shall during his absence be sent in writing to him at an address or to a fax or telex number given by him to the company for this purpose, but if no request is made to the directors it shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of the directors to any director who is for the time being absent from the United Kingdom. A director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively. Regulation 88 of Table A shall be modified accordingly.

### Participation in board meetings by telephone

24. All or any of the members of the board or any committee of the board may participate in a meeting of the board or that committee by means of a conference telephone or any communication equipment which allows all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other. A person so

participating shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall be entitled to vote or be counted in a quorum accordingly. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting then is.

### Directors may vote when interested

25. A director who to his knowledge is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or proposed contract with the company shall declare the nature of his interest at a meeting of the directors in accordance with the Act. Subject where applicable to such disclosure, a director shall be entitled to vote in respect of any contract or proposed contract in which he is interested and if he shall do so his vote shall be counted and he shall be taken into account in ascertaining whether a quorum is present. Regulations 94 and 95 of Table A shall not apply.

### Official seal

26. The company may exercise all the powers conferred by the Act with regard to having any official seal and such powers shall be vested in the directors. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any instrument to which an official seal is affixed shall be signed by such persons, if any, as the directors may from time to time determine.

### Notices

27. Any notice or other document may be served on or delivered to any member by the company either personally, or by sending it by post addressed to the member at his registered address or by fax or telex to a number provided by the member for this purpose, or by leaving it at his registered address addressed to the member, or by any other means authorised in writing by the member concerned. In the case of joint holders of a share, service or delivery of any notice or other document on or to one of the joint holders shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service on or delivery to all the joint holders. Regulation 112 of Table A shall not apply.

### Time of service

28. Any notice or other document, if sent by post, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered twenty four hours after posting and, in proving such service or delivery, it shall be sufficient to prove that the notice or document was properly addressed, stamped and put in the post. Any notice or other document left at a registered address otherwise than by post, or sent by fax or telex or other instantaneous means of transmission, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered when it was so left or sent. Regulation 115 of Table A shall not apply.