REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

FOR

G C BRADLEY LIMITED

A28

AOWYFIQF 30/03/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

279

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2009

	Pag
Company Information	1
Report of the Directors	2
Independent Auditors' Report	4
Profit and Loss Account	5
Balance Sheet	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7

COMPANY INFORMATION for the year ended 30 June 2009

DIRECTORS:

A C Gallagher

G H Gosling

SECRETARY:

S A Burnett

REGISTERED OFFICE:

15 Hockley Court

Stratford Road Hockley Heath

Solihull

West Midlands B94 6NW

REGISTERED NUMBER:

05586502 (England and Wales)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS:

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants

Birmingham United Kingdom

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

for the year ended 30 June 2009

The directors present their report with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2009. The Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under Section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of property development

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

Both the result for the year, and the year end financial position were satisfactory. The directors consider future prospects to be satisfactory

DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid in the year ended 30 June 2009 (2008 £nil)

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 July 2008 to the date of this report

A C Gallagher

G H Gosling

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows

J G Downer - resigned 4 November 2008 P A King - resigned 4 November 2008

GOING CONCERN

The financial statement have been prepared on a going concern basis as, in addition to its own funding, the directors are confident that either the bank loan will continue to be available or that alternative sources of finance will be available to the company. The company is in a net liabilities position of £688,706 and has obtained confirmation from its shareholders that financial support is available to the company to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due for a period of not less than 12 months from signing of these financial statements.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2009

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT (continued)

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

AUDITORS

The auditors, Deloitte LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

G H Gosling - Director

Date 5 January 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF G C BRADLEY LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of G C Bradley Limited for the year ended 30 June 2009 which comprises of Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet, and the related notes 1 to 14 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Sections 495 and 496 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2009 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Peter Gallimore FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Birmingham

Date 5 January 2010

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 30 June 2009

	Notes	30 6 09 £	30 6 08 £
TURNOVER		-	-
Cost of sales	6,14	(498,310)	(37,340)
GROSS LOSS		(498,310)	(37,340)
Administrative expenses		(3,724)	(3,000)
		(502,034)	(40,340)
Other operating income			16,871
OPERATING LOSS	3	(502,034)	(23,469)
Interest payable and similar charges	4	_(49,341)	(70,690)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIE BEFORE TAXATION	S	(551,375)	(94,159)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	5		
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEA AFTER TAXATION	R 10	(551,375)	<u>(94,159)</u>

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

All of the company's activities relate to continuing operations

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account, therefore no statement of recognised gains and losses has been prepared

BALANCE SHEET 30 June 2009

		30 6 09	30 6 08
	Notes	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	6	526,594	1,024,904
Debtors	7	4,159	5,846
Cash at bank		339	
		531,092	1,030,750
CREDITORS			(4.4.60.004)
Amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(1,219,798</u>)	(1,168,081)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(688,706)	(137,331)
NET LIABILITIES		<u>(688,706)</u>	(137,331)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	9	2	2
Profit and loss account	10	(688,708)	(137,333)
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	12	(688,706)	(137,331)

The financial statements of G C Bradley Limited, company number 05586502 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 5 January 2010

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

G H Gosling - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2009

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently in both periods, is set out below

Cash flow statement

Exemption has been taken from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company

Other operating income

Other operating income represents incidental income arising from interests in property including rent receivable net of related expenses

Cost of sales

In addition to the costs originally stocked in work in progress attributable to each sales transaction, included within cost of sales are expenses relating to fees expended in promoting developments through the planning system which are written off to the profit and loss account until the viability of such a development is reasonably secure, after which such costs are capitalised in accordance with the stocks accounting policy

Stocks

Work in progress, which includes land held for development, is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the purchase of land and acquisition expenses. Promotional costs associated with developments are expensed until the viability of that development is reasonably secure. Work in progress is reduced to net realisable where changes in circumstances indicate full recovery is unlikely.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Full provision is made on a non-discounted basis for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising due to timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in the tax computation at the current rate of tax. Deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is considered more likely than not that they will be realised.

Going concern

The financial statement have been prepared on a going concern basis as, in addition to its own funding, the directors are confident that either the bank loan will continue to be available or that alternative sources of finance will be available to the company. The company is in a net liabilities position of £688,706 and has obtained confirmation from its shareholders that financial support is available to the company to enable it to meet its obligations as they fall due for a period of not less than 12 months from signing of these financial statements

Page 7

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 June 2009

2 STAFF COSTS

There are no employees other than the directors in the current or prior year. No remuneration was paid in the current or prior year. The directors received no remuneration for their services to the Company in either year.

3 OPERATING LOSS

The operating loss is stated after charging

	30 6 09	30 6 08
	£	£
Auditors' remuneration – fees payable to the Company's		
auditors for the audit of the Company's annual accounts	1,000	<u>2,100</u>

4 INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	30 6 09	30 6 08
	£	£
Bank interest	49,341	70,690

5 TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the year ended 30 June 2009 nor for the year ended 30 June 2008

The current corporation tax credit differs from the standard UK corporation tax rate of 28% applied to the loss for the year. The differences are

	30 6 09	30 6 08
	£	£
Loss for the year at 28% (2008 29 5%)	(154,385)	(27,777)
Losses carried forward	154,385	27,777
	-	-

The company has tax losses of £598,000 (2008 £47,000) which are available to carry forward No deferred tax asset has been recognised as the directors are, as yet, uncertain when these will be utilised

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 June 2009

6 STOCKS

	30 6 09	30 6 08
	£	£
Work in progress	526,594	1,024,904

There is a reduction in the carrying value of stock of £498,310 (2008 £nil) as a result of impairment due to the current economic conditions

7 DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	30 6 09	30 6 08
	£	£
Amounts owed by related undertakings	1,777	-
Other debtors	2,380	4,157
Group relief	-	1,687
Called up share capital not paid	2	2
	4,159	5,846

At 30 June 2009, £1,777 (2008 £nil) was owed by G C Bilston Limited, a related undertaking

8 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	30 6 09	30 6 08
	£	£
Bank loan and overdraft	840,000	849,092
Amounts owed to related undertakings	374,439	314,372
VAT payable	1,626	1,617
Accruals and deferred income	<u>3,733</u>	3,000
	1,219,798	1,168,081

At 30 June 2009, £216,821 (2008 £167,686) was owed to J J Gallagher Limited, a shareholder, £156,142 (2008 £146,686) to Countrywide Homes Limited (in Administration), a former shareholder and £1,476 (2008 £nil) to G C Oldbury Limited, a related undertaking in respect of funding

The bank loan, which is repayable on demand, is on normal commercial terms and is secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company

9 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, iss	sued and fully paid			
Number	Class	Nominal	30 6 09	30 6 08
		value	£	£
2	Ordinary	£1	2	2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 June 2009

10 RESERVES

	Profit and loss account £
At 1 July 2008 Loss for the year	(137,333) (551,375)
At 30 June 2009	(688,708)

11 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

There are no further related party transactions other than those disclosed in the financial statements

12 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT

	30 6 09 £	30 6 08 £
Loss for the financial year	<u>(551,375)</u>	(94,159)
Net addition to shareholders' deficit Opening shareholders' deficit	(551,375) (137,331)	(94,159) (43,172)
Closing shareholders' deficit	(688,706)	(137,331)

13 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is jointly controlled by J J Gallagher Limited and Hockley Court Investments Limited Each of the shareholders is incorporated in England and Wales

14 EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

Cost of sales includes an exceptional reduction in the carrying value of stock of £498,310 (2008 £nil) as a result of impairment due to the current economic conditions