

The Insolvency Act 1986
Liquidator's Progress
Report

S.192

Pursuant to section 192 of the
Insolvency Act 1986

For official

--	--	--

To the Registrar of Companies

Company Number

02101564

Name of Company

(a) Insert full
name of company

Midland Sheetmetal Ltd

(b) Insert full
name(s) and
address(es)

I/We(b) David Matthew Hammond
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
19 Cornwall Street
Birmingham
West Midlands B3 2DT

Stuart Maddison
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
19 Cornwall Street
Birmingham
West Midlands B3 2DT

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our Progress Report
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

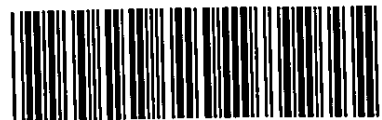
Jointly and Severally Appointed

X Signed Stadcell

Date 24/8/10

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)
Leshia Parsons
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Benson House
33 Wellington Street
Leeds
West Yorkshire LS1 4JP

For Official Use
Liquidation Section | Post Room



A10 28/08/2010 131
COMPANIES HOUSE

SATURDAY

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company	Midland Sheetmetal Ltd
Company's registered number	02101564
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Creditors
Date of commencement of winding up	06/02/2008
Date to which this statement is brought down	05/08/2010
Name and address of liquidator	See page 1

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

**Liquidator's statement of account
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986**

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
01/04/2010	Insolvency Service	Brought forward Interest received gross	£ 188,122 70 195 39
		Carried forward	188,318 09

Not being VAT registered, amounts are stated gross of VAT which is irrecoverable

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursement	Amount
		Brought forward	£ 109,763 08
01/04/2010	Insolvency Service	Bank charges	23 00
01/04/2010	Insolvency Service	Tax deducted on interest	39 08
01/07/2010	Insolvency Service	Bank charges	23 00
		Carried forward	109,848 16

Not being VAT registered, amounts are stated gross of VAT which is irrecoverable



Analysis of balance

		£
Total realisations		188,318 09
Total disbursements		109,848 16
Balance £		78,469 93
The Balance is made up as follows -		
1	Cash in hands of liquidator	0 00
2	Balance at bank	0 00
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account	78,469 93
4	Amounts invested by liquidator	
	Less the cost of investments realised	
	Balance	0 00
	Total balance as shown above	£ 78,469 93

[NOTE- Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

		£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)		230,884 00
Liabilities -	Fixed charge creditors	0 00
	Floating charge holders	791,000 00
	Unsecured creditors	1,602,074 30

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash	30,001 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

£12,600 sale of company tax losses

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

2nd final dividend to be paid to the unsecured creditors

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Nine months