

New Directions (Hastings) Limited  
Annual report and financial statements  
for the year ended 31 December 2015

Registered number: 05126487

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New Directions (Hastings) Limited  
Annual report and financial statements  
for the year ended 31 December 2015  
Contents

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2015 .....	1
Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2015 .....	2
Independent auditors' report to the members of New Directions (Hastings) Limited .....	4
Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2015 .....	7
Balance sheet as at 31 December 2015 .....	8
Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2015 .....	9
Statement of accounting policies .....	10
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 .....	13

# **New Directions (Hastings) Limited**

## **Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2015**

The directors present their strategic report on New Directions (Hastings) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015. The comparative period is for the 13 month period ended 31 December 2014.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company continues to be the provision of specialised residential and day care services.

### **Business review**

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 7 and the position of the company as at the year end is set out in the balance sheet on page 8. Further information regarding the operations and key performance indicators of the group are set out in the directors' report of Priory Group No. 1 Limited.

The company's management is committed to a continued growth strategy.

### **Key performance indicators**

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The development, performance and position of Priory Group No. 1 Limited, which includes the company, is discussed in the group's financial statements which do not form part of this report.

### **Financial risk management**

The company's operations mean that it is exposed to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The directors monitor the risks in order to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance by reviewing levels of debt finance and the related finance costs, however these are integrated with the risks of the group and not managed separately. Accordingly, the financial risk management policies of Priory Group No. 1 Limited, which include those of the company, are discussed in the group's financial statements which do not form part of this report.

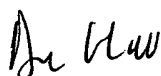
### **Principal risks and uncertainties**

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Priory Group No. 1 Limited, which include those of the company, are discussed in the group's financial statements which do not form part of this report.

### **Future developments**

The future developments of the company are aligned to the strategy of the Priory Group, headed by Priory Group No. 1 Limited. The group's strategy for the future development of the business is included in the group's financial statements, which do not form part of this report.

By order of the board



David Hall

**Company Secretary**

3 August 2016

# **New Directions (Hastings) Limited**

## **Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2015**

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2015.

This report should be read in conjunction with the strategic report, which contains disclosures regarding future developments.

### **Dividends**

The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (13 month period ended 31 December 2014: £nil). Interim dividends totalling £nil were paid in the year (13 month period ended 31 December 2014: £815,000).

### **Directors**

The directors of the company who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

D Hall

J Lock (resigned 1 April 2015)

T Riall

M Moran (appointed 1 April 2015, resigned 1 March 2016)

In accordance with the articles of association, no directors retire by rotation.

### **Employees**

The directors recognise that the continued position of the company in the healthcare sector depends on the quality and motivation of its employees and as such the company is committed to pursue employment policies, which will continue to attract, retain and motivate its employees.

Good and effective employee communications are particularly important, and throughout the business it is the directors' policy to promote the understanding by all employees of the company's business aims and performance. This is achieved through internal publications, presentations on performance and a variety of other approaches appropriate for a particular location. Employees are consulted on issues through workshops, which are run regularly across the group.

The directors believe that it is important to recruit and retain capable and caring staff regardless of their sex, marital status, race or religion. It is the company's policy to give full and fair consideration to applications for employment from people who are disabled, to continue wherever possible the employment of and to arrange appropriate training for, employees who become disabled and to provide equal opportunities for the career development, training and promotion of disabled employees.

### **Independent auditors**

The independent auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

# New Directions (Hastings) Limited

## Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

### Provision of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (FRS 101).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 101 used in the preparation of the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

By order of the board



David Hall  
Company Secretary  
3 August 2016

80 Hammersmith Road  
London  
England  
W14 8UD

# **New Directions (Hastings) Limited**

## **Independent auditors' report to the members of New Directions (Hastings) Limited**

### **Report on the financial statements**

#### **Our qualified opinion**

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the basis for our qualified opinion paragraph below, New Directions (Hastings) Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for our qualified opinion**

In our audit report on the prior year financial statements a disclaimer of opinion was given in respect of the company's profit for the period ended 31 December 2014 due to insufficient evidence on the opening balances as a result of the comparative financial information for that year being unaudited. As a result our opinion on the profit for the year ended 31 December 2015 is qualified because of the possible effects of this matter on the comparability of the current period figures in the profit and loss account and the corresponding figures.

#### **What we have audited**

The financial statements, included within the annual report and financial statements (the "annual report"), comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31 December 2015;
- the profit and loss account for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the statement of accounting policies; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

#### **Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# **New Directions (Hastings) Limited**

## **Independent auditors' report to the members of New Directions (Hastings) Limited (continued)**

### **Other matters on which we are required to report by exception**

#### **Adequacy of information and explanations received**

In respect solely of the limitation on our work relating to the prior year profit for the period to 31 December 2014, as described in the basis for our qualified opinion paragraph above we have not obtained all the information and explanations that we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit.

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are also required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

#### **Directors' remuneration**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

### **Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit**

#### **Our responsibilities and those of the directors**

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

# **New Directions (Hastings) Limited**

## **Independent auditors' report to the members of New Directions (Hastings) Limited (continued)**

### **What an audit of financial statements involves**

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.



Tom Yeates (Senior Statutory Auditor)  
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors  
Newcastle Upon Tyne  
3 August 2016



## New Directions (Hastings) Limited

### Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2015

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2015 £'000	13 month period ended 31 December 2014 £'000
<b>Turnover</b>	1	<b>1,117</b>	1,209
Cost of sales		(695)	(658)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>422</b>	551
Administrative expenses		(114)	(72)
<b>Profit on ordinary activities before taxation</b>	2	<b>308</b>	479
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(61)	(109)
<b>Profit for the financial year/period</b>		<b>247</b>	370

The results for the current and prior financial year/period derive from continuing activities.

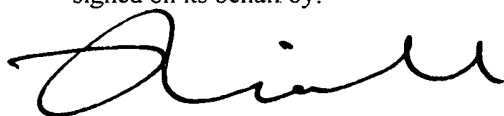
There is no other comprehensive income for the current or prior financial year/period.

# New Directions (Hastings) Limited

## Balance sheet as at 31 December 2015

	Note	31 December 2015 £'000	31 December 2014 £'000
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	7	820	827
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	8	12	33
Cash at bank and in hand		4	5
		16	38
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	9	<b>(319)</b>	<b>(589)</b>
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<b>(303)</b>	<b>(551)</b>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>517</b>	<b>276</b>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>	10	-	(6)
<b>Net assets</b>		<b>517</b>	<b>270</b>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	11	-	-
Profit and loss account		517	270
<b>Total shareholders' funds</b>		<b>517</b>	<b>270</b>

The financial statements on pages 7 to 20 were approved by the board of directors on 3 August 2016 and were signed on its behalf by:



Tom Riall  
Director

Registered number: 05126487

## New Directions (Hastings) Limited

### Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2015

		Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total shareholders' funds
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 December 2013		-	715	715
Profit for the financial period		-	370	370
Dividends paid	6	-	(815)	(815)
At 1 January 2015		-	270	270
Profit for the financial year		-	247	247
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>		-	<b>517</b>	<b>517</b>

# **New Directions (Hastings) Limited**

## **Statement of accounting policies**

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in the company's financial statements.

### **Basis of preparation**

The company is a private limited company, incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom.

The financial statements are presented in sterling, rounded to the nearest thousand. They are prepared on a going concern basis and under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below, and, unless otherwise stated, these policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, in particular, Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and, the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) as applicable to companies using FRS 101. FRS 101 sets out a reduced disclosure framework for a "qualifying entity" as defined in the standard which addresses the financial reporting requirements and disclosure exemptions in the individual financial statements of qualifying entities that otherwise apply the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of EU-adopted IFRS.

The company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 101. Note 14 gives details of the company's ultimate parent and from where its consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS may be obtained.

The principle disclosure exemptions adopted by the company in accordance with FRS 101 are as follows:

- Statement of cash flows;
- IFRS 7 financial instrument disclosures;
- IAS 1 information on management of capital;
- IAS 8 disclosures in respect of new standards and interpretations that have been issued but which are not yet effective;
- IAS 24 disclosure of key management personnel compensation;
- IAS 24 disclosures in respect of related party transactions entered into between fellow group companies (the company has no other related party transactions); and
- Roll-forward reconciliations in respect of share capital (IAS 1) and property, plant and equipment (IAS 16).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

# **New Directions (Hastings) Limited**

## **Statement of accounting policies (continued)**

### **Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Assets in the course of construction represent the direct costs of purchasing, constructing and installing property, plant and equipment ahead of their productive use. No depreciation is provided on an asset that is in the course of construction until it is completed and the asset is ready for its intended use.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of property, plant and equipment by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold buildings	-	over 50 years
Fixtures and fittings	-	over 3 to 16 years
Motor vehicles	-	over shorter of the lease term and 4 years

The expected residual values and useful lives of the assets to the business are reassessed, and adjusted if appropriate at each balance sheet date. Land is not depreciated on the basis that land has an unlimited life. Where the cost of land and buildings cannot be split, the directors have estimated that the value attributable to land is 22% of the cost of the land and buildings, based on experience.

### **Asset impairment**

Property, plant and equipment is tested for impairment by management when a trigger event that might affect asset values has occurred. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account to the extent that the carrying amount cannot be recovered either by selling the asset or by the discounted future earnings from an income-generating unit, which is an individual business operational unit.

### **Trade and other debtors**

Trade and other debtors are initially stated at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses, and are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Trade and other debtors are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that the estimate future cash flows associated with the asset have been affected. In addition, certain trade and other debtors that are not considered to be individually impaired, may be assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence for impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the company's past experience of collecting payment, an increase in the number of delayed payments, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions.

### **Cash**

Cash comprises all bank balances and is stated in the balance sheet at fair value. The company does not hold any cash equivalents.

### **Trade and other creditors**

Trade and other creditors are initially stated at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

# **New Directions (Hastings) Limited**

## **Statement of accounting policies (continued)**

### **Retirement benefit costs**

The company participates in a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

### **Taxation**

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on the taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit can differ from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods, or that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using rates that have been effective during the accounting period.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority, and the company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

### **Group relief**

Payment is generally made for group relief at the current tax rate at the time of first estimating the tax provision. To the extent that amendments are subsequently made to the group relief plan, there is generally no payment or receipt in respect of the change.

### **Turnover and revenue recognition**

Turnover represents consideration received for the provision of services to customers. Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates and sales taxes. Turnover is recognised as the services are provided. Turnover received in advance is included in deferred income until the service is provided. Turnover in respect of services provided but not yet invoiced by the period end is included within accrued income.

# New Directions (Hastings) Limited

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

### 1 Turnover

The company's turnover, profit on ordinary activities before taxation and net assets arise primarily from its principal activity, the provision of specialised residential and day care services. All turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation arose within the United Kingdom and from one class of business.

### 2 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:

	Year ended 31 December 2015 £'000	13 month period ended 31 December 2014 £'000
Depreciation	37	36

The remuneration of the auditors of £1,000 (13 month period ended 31 December 2014: £1,000) was borne by another group undertaking.

### 3 Remuneration of directors

From the 1 February 2014 the costs relating to the directors' services have been borne by Priory Central Services Limited, a fellow group company. No amounts have been recharged (13 month period ended 31 December 2014: £nil) to the company in respect of the directors' services and the directors do not believe that it is practical to allocate these costs between group companies.

## New Directions (Hastings) Limited

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

#### 4 Staff numbers and costs

The average monthly number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year/period analysed by activity, was as follows:

	Year ended 31 December 2015	13 month period ended 31 December 2014
	Number	Number
By activity:		
Nursing and other clinical staff	32	25
Administrative staff	-	1
	32	26

The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:

	Year ended 31 December 2015	13 month period ended 31 December 2014
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	522	487
Social security costs	32	30
Other pension costs (note 13)	2	1
	556	518



# New Directions (Hastings) Limited

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

### 5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

	Year ended 31 December 2015 £'000	13 month period ended 31 December 2014 £'000
UK corporation tax:		
Current tax charge	65	109
Adjustments in respect of prior years	2	-
<b>Total current tax</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>109</b>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	1	-
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(7)	-
<b>Total deferred tax</b>	<b>(6)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total tax charge</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>109</b>

The current tax charge of £67,000 (13 month period ended 31 December 2014: £109,000) has been relieved by the surrender of losses by other group companies in exchange for payment of the same amount. The standard rate of tax for the year/period, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 20.25% (13 month period ended 31 December 2014: 21.6%).

# New Directions (Hastings) Limited

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

### 5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

The actual tax charge for the year/period is higher (13 month period ended 31 December 2014: higher) than the standard rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation:

	Year ended 31 December 2015 £'000	13 month period ended 31 December 2014 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	308	479
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard rate	62	103
Factors affecting charge for the year/period		
Expenses not subject to tax	5	6
Transfer pricing adjustments	(1)	-
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(5)	-
<b>Total tax charge</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>109</b>

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK changed from 23% to 21% with effect from 1 April 2015. Accordingly, the company's profits for this accounting period are taxed at an effective rate of 20.25% (13 month period ended 31 December 2014: 21.6%).

A change to the UK corporation tax rate was announced in the Chancellor's Budget on 16 March 2016. The change was to reduce the main rate to 17% from 1 April 2020. Changes to reduce the UK corporation tax rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% from 1 April 2020 were substantively enacted on 26 October 2015. As the change to 17% had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date its effects are not included in these financial statements and the company's deferred tax balances have been restated to reflect their expected unwind at 18% rather than the main rate of 20%.

## New Directions (Hastings) Limited

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

#### 6 Dividends

	Year ended 31 December 2015 £'000	13 month period ended 31 December 2014 £'000
First ordinary interim at £nil per share (2014: £100,000)	-	100
Second ordinary interim at £nil per share (2014: £714,536)	-	715
	-	815

#### 7 Property, plant and equipment

	Land and buildings £'000	Fixtures and fittings £'000	Motor vehicles £'000	Total £'000
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 January 2015	812	154	31	997
Additions	-	30	-	30
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>	<b>812</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>1,027</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 January 2015	95	49	26	170
Charge for the year	14	19	4	37
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>207</b>
<b>Net book amount</b>				
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>820</b>
At 31 December 2014	717	105	5	827

## New Directions (Hastings) Limited

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

#### 8 Debtors

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors	12	31
Prepayments and accrued income	-	1
Other debtors	-	1
	12	33

#### 9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	31 December 2015	31 December 2014
	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed to group undertakings	211	422
Payments received on account	-	89
Corporation tax payable	2	39
Group relief payable	67	-
Taxation and social security	7	8
Accruals and deferred income	32	31
	319	589

Amounts owed to group undertakings are non interest bearing and repayable upon demand.

# New Directions (Hastings) Limited

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)

### 10 Provisions for liabilities

	£'000
Deferred tax:	
At 1 January 2015	6
Credit for the year	(6)
<b>At 31 December 2015</b>	<b>-</b>

Deferred tax arises on the following timing differences:

	31 December 2015 £'000	31 December 2014 £'000
Accelerated capital allowances	-	6

### 11 Called up share capital

	31 December 2015 £	31 December 2014 £
<b>Allotted and fully paid</b>		
1 (2014: 1) ordinary share of £1 each	1	1

### 12 Commitments

Capital commitments at the end of the financial year, for which no provision has been made, are as follows:

	31 December 2015 £'000	31 December 2014 £'000
Contracted	2	-

## **New Directions (Hastings) Limited**

### **Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 (continued)**

#### **13 Pension scheme**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year/period represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £2,000 (13 month period ended 31 December 2014: £1,000).

#### **14 Ultimate parent company and controlling party**

The company's immediate parent company, which is incorporated in the United Kingdom, is Parkcare Homes (No.2) Limited.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party at 31 December 2015 was Priory Group No. 1 Limited, a company incorporated in England. Priory Group No. 1 Limited was beneficially owned by funds managed by Advent International Corporation which was considered by the directors to be the ultimate controlling party of the company.

On 16 February 2016 the entire share capital of Priory Group No. 1 Limited was acquired by Whitewell UK Investments 1 Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Acadia Healthcare Company Inc. From this date the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Acadia Healthcare Company Inc.

Priory Group No. 1 Limited is the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2015. Priory Group No. 3 PLC is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2015. The consolidated financial statements of Priory Group No. 1 Limited and Priory Group No. 3 PLC can be obtained from the Company Secretary at 80 Hammersmith Road, London, W14 8UD.