

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments **S. 192**

Pursuant to section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

Three empty rectangular boxes for official use.

Company Number

3019374

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

(a) A & C Properties Company

Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

I/We (b) Michael Perkins
4 Cyrus Way, Cygnet Park, Hampton, Peterborough, PE7 8HP

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date 28th August 2008

Handwritten signature of Michael Perkins.

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)

M Perkins
Bulley Davey
4 Cyrus Way, Cygnet Park, Hampton, Peterborough, PE7 8HP

Ref 115Q625

For Official Use

Liquidation Section

Post Room

WEDNESDAY



A43

27/08/2008

136

COMPANIES HOUSE

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company	A & C Properties Company Limited	
Company's registered number	3019374	
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Members	
Date of commencement of winding up	27 th August 2004	
Date to which this statement is brought down	26 th August 2008	
Name and address of liquidator	M Perkins 4 Cyrus Way, Cygnet Park, Hampton Peterborough, PE7 8HP	

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represents the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

**Liquidator's statement of account
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986**

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
10.03 08	Lloyds TSB Bank	Brought forward	£48,844 39
		Gross interest	188.25
10.06 08	Lloyds TSB Bank	Gross interest	154 54
		Carried forward	49,187 21

Note: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought forward	£22,914.44
20 08 08	Stephenson Smart & Co	Accountancy Fees	3,000.00
		VAT	525 00
20.08 08	Akber Ebrahim & Co	Accountancy Fees	5,900 00
		VAT	1,032 50
		Carried forward	33,371 94

disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Analysis of balance

Total realisations		£ 49,187.21
Total disbursements		33,371.94
		15,815.27
	Balance	
£		
The balance is made up as follows –		
1 Cash in hands of liquidator		15,815.27
2 Balance at bank		
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		
4 Amounts invested by liquidator		
Less the cost of investments realised	£	
	Balance	15,815.27
Total balance as shown above £		

[NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state –

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors –including the holders of floating charges)	£ ..2,611,665
Liabilities-Fixed charge creditors	
Floating charge holders	
Unsecured creditors	..233,162

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

Paid up in cash	
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

As before

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

As before

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

As before