

**PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN)
LIMITED**

Report and Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2006



PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2006

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PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2006

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

H N Moser
G D Beckett
M R Goldberg

SECRETARY

M J Ridley (appointed 5 April 2006)
G D Beckett (resigned 5 April 2006)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Bracken House
Charles Street
Manchester
M1 7BD

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of Scotland Corporate Banking
9th Floor
No 1 Marsden Street
Manchester
M2 1HW

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP
Manchester

PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2006

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY, REVIEW OF BUSINESS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The company's principal activity is that of a property holding company

The directors consider the results for the year to be in line with expectation and anticipate that the results for the forthcoming year will be satisfactory

The company qualifies as small in accordance with the provisions of S246(4) of the Companies Act 1985 and is therefore exempt from its requirement to prepare an enhanced business review

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2006 are set out on pages 5 to 11. The loss for the year after tax was £4,819 (2005 - £2,592)

No dividend can be paid (2005 - £nil)

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors of the company are set out on page 1. All of the directors served throughout the year

Mr H N Moser is a director of Jerrold Holdings Ltd, the ultimate parent company, and his interests in the share capital of that company are disclosed in its financial statements. None of the other directors have interests in the share capital of the company, or any other interests required to be disclosed under Schedule 7 of the Companies Act 1985. No director has, or had any material interest in any contract or agreement entered into by the company during the year.

POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

On 15 September 2006 Barclays Private Equity acquired 30% of the issued share capital of the group. Immediately prior to the acquisition of the shares by Barclays Private Equity the company disposed of its investment property portfolio to Bracken House Properties LLP, a partnership in which H N Moser is a partner, for £35,394 giving a loss on disposal of £2,106 and a realisation of the revaluation reserve of £32,088.

AUDIT INFORMATION

In the case of each of the persons who are directors of the company at the date when this report is approved

- as far as each of the directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined in the Companies Act 1985) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- each of the directors has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any audit information (as defined) and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

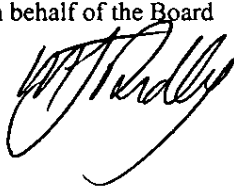
This statement is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of S234ZA of the Companies Act 1985.

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company's auditors will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors
and signed on behalf of the Board

M J Ridley
Secretary



26 APRIL 2007

PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report including the financial statements with applicable law and regulations. Under that law the directors have chosen to prepare the financial statements for the company in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice ("UK GAAP")

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for establishing and maintaining the system of internal control, safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Privileged Properties (Northern) Limited for the year ended 30 June 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 15. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report contained in the annual report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any further information outside the Annual Report.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2006 and of the loss for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Deloitte & Touche LLP
Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors
Manchester

27 APRIL 2007

PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 30 June 2006

| | Note | 2006 £ | 2005 £ |
|--|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| TURNOVER | 2 | 2,727 | 3,017 |
| Administrative expenses | | <u>(1,347)</u> | <u>(1,777)</u> |
| OPERATING PROFIT | | 1,380 | 1,240 |
| Loss on disposal of investment property | | (1,500) | - |
| Interest payable and similar charges | 4 | <u>(3,841)</u> | <u>(3,832)</u> |
| LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION | 5 | (3,961) | (2,592) |
| Tax on loss on ordinary activities | 6 | <u>(858)</u> | <u>-</u> |
| LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR | 10 | <u><u>(4,819)</u></u> | <u><u>(2,592)</u></u> |

All activity has arisen from continuing operations

PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES Year ended 30 June 2006

| | 2006 £ | 2005 £ |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| Loss for the financial year | (4,819) | (2,592) |
| Unrealised gain on revaluation of investment properties | - | 30,831 |
| Total recognised gains and losses for the year | <u>(4,819)</u> | <u>28,239</u> |

PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET 30 June 2006

| | Note | 2006 £ | 2005 £ |
|---|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| FIXED ASSETS | | | |
| Investment properties | 7 | 37,500 | 82,500 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 100 | 100 |
| CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year | 8 | <u>(21,455)</u> | <u>(61,636)</u> |
| NET CURRENT LIABILITIES | | <u>(21,355)</u> | <u>(61,536)</u> |
| NET ASSETS | | <u>16,145</u> | <u>20,964</u> |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | |
| Called up share capital | 9 | 100 | 100 |
| Revaluation reserve | 10 | 32,088 | 43,919 |
| Profit and loss account | 10 | <u>(16,043)</u> | <u>(23,055)</u> |
| EQUITY SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS | 11 | <u>16,145</u> | <u>20,964</u> |

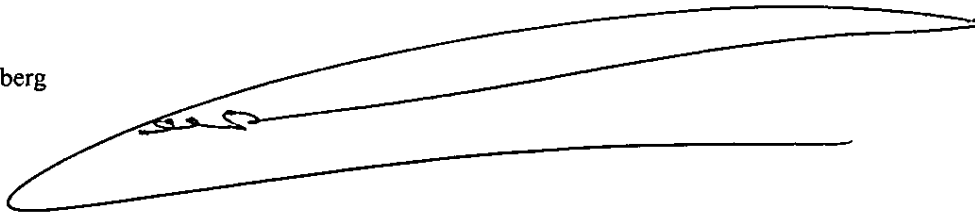
These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 APRIL 2007

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

G D Beckett
Director



M R Goldberg
Director



PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 30 June 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The particular accounting policies adopted are described below. They have been applied consistently throughout the current and prior year.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investment properties.

Investment properties

A valuation of investment properties is made annually as at the balance sheet date by the directors, at open market value. A sample of valuations is conducted by external Chartered Surveyors on a periodic basis. Changes in the market value of investment properties are accounted for by way of a movement in revaluation reserve and are included in the statement of total recognised gains and losses unless a deficit (or its reversal) on an individual investment property is expected by the directors to be permanent, in which case the change in market value is charged (credited) to the profit and loss account. On disposal, the cumulative revaluation surpluses or deficits are transferred from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account reserve.

In accordance with SSAP 19 no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold investment properties with over 20 years to run. The requirement of the Companies Act 1985 is to depreciate all properties, but that requirement conflicts with the generally accepted principles set out in SSAP 19. The directors consider that, as these properties are not held for consumption but for investment, to depreciate them would not give a true and fair view, and that it is necessary to adopt SSAP 19 in order to give a true and fair view. If this departure from the Act had not been made the loss for the financial year would have been increased by depreciation. However, the amount of depreciation cannot reasonably be quantified, because of the lack of analysis of the cost/value as between land and buildings.

Taxation

UK corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements. Neither is deferred tax recognised when fixed assets are sold and it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over, being charged to tax only if and when the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Turnover

Turnover, which is derived wholly within the UK, consists of rental income.

PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 June 2006

2. TURNOVER

| | 2006 £ | 2005 £ |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| Rental income | <u>2,727</u> | <u>3,017</u> |

3. STAFF COSTS

The company had no employees and paid no directors' emoluments during either year

4. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

| | 2006 £ | 2005 £ |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Interest on intragroup loans | <u>3,841</u> | <u>3,832</u> |

5. LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

The audit fee was borne by a fellow group undertaking in both years

6. TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows

| | 2006 £ | 2005 £ |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Loss on ordinary activities before tax | <u>(3,961)</u> | <u>(2,592)</u> |
| Tax on loss on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005 - 30%) | (1,188) | (778) |
| Effects of | | |
| Expenses not deductible for tax purposes | 450 | - |
| Effects of gains | 2,094 | - |
| Effects of other tax rates/credits | (496) | - |
| Other | (2) | - |
| Group relief surrendered free of charge | - | 778 |
| Current tax charge for year | <u>858</u> | <u>-</u> |

There is an unprovided potential deferred tax liability at the year end of £9,627 (2005 - £13,176) on the revaluation of properties

PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 30 June 2006

7. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

| | Freehold property investment £ |
|------------------|---|
| Valuation | |
| At 1 July 2005 | 82,500 |
| Disposals | (45,000) |
| Revaluation | - |
| | <hr/> |
| At 30 June 2006 | <u>37,500</u> |

The investment properties were valued on an open market basis by Roger Hannah & Co an external valuer, a member of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors as at 30 June 2005. Had the properties not been revalued they would be included in the financial statements at an historical cost of £5,412 (2005 - £38,581). In the opinion of the directors these valuations continue to reflect open market value of these properties at 30 June 2006.

8. CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

| | 2006 £ | 2005 £ |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Corporation Tax | 858 | - |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings | <u>20,597</u> | <u>61,636</u> |
| | 21,455 | 61,636 |

9. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

| | 2006 £ | 2005 £ |
|--|------------|------------|
| Authorised, allotted, called-up and fully paid 100 ordinary shares of £1 each | <u>100</u> | <u>100</u> |

10. RESERVES

| | Profit and loss reserve £ | Revaluation reserve £ | Total £ |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| At 1 July 2005 | (23,055) | 43,919 | 20,864 |
| Loss for the financial year | (4,819) | - | (4,819) |
| Transfer to profit and loss account | 11,831 | (11,831) | - |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| At 30 June 2006 | <u>(16,043)</u> | <u>32,088</u> | <u>16,045</u> |

PRIVILEGED PROPERTIES (NORTHERN) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 30 June 2006

11. RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY SHAREHOLDER'S FUND

| | 2006 £ | 2005 £ |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Loss for the financial year | (4,819) | (2,592) |
| Other recognised gains and losses | - | 30,831 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net (decrease)/increase in equity shareholder's funds | (4,819) | 28,239 |
| Opening equity shareholder's funds/(deficit) | 20,964 | (7,275) |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Closing equity shareholder's funds | <u>16,145</u> | <u>20,964</u> |

12. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The company's assets are subject to a fixed and floating charge in respect of £481 million of bank borrowings of the group (2005 - £313 million)

13. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

As permitted by FRS 1 (Revised 1996) "cash flow statements", the company has not produced a cash flow statement, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Jerrold Holdings Ltd which has produced consolidated financial statements that are publicly available

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As a subsidiary undertaking of Jerrold Holdings Ltd, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8, "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by Jerrold Holdings Ltd

15. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Jerrold Holdings Ltd a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales

The largest and smallest group of which Privileged Properties (Northern) Limited is a member, and for which group financial statements are drawn up, is that headed by Jerrold Holdings Ltd, whose principal place of business is at Bracken House, Charles Street, Manchester, M1 7BD