

Company No. 08413609

SATURDAY



The Companies Act 2006

Private company limited by guarantee

Written resolution

of

**Lime Grove (Bath) Residents Management Company Limited
(the "Company")**

21 February 2013 (the "Circulation Date")

Pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006, the directors of Lime Grove (Bath) Residents' Management Company Limited propose that the resolution below is passed as a special resolution (the "**Special Resolution**")

Special Resolution

That the draft regulations contained in the printed document signed by Oval Nominees Limited as the sole member of the Company be and they are approved and adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing articles of association of the Company

Important:

Please read the notes at the end of this document before signifying your agreement to the Special Resolution.

The undersigned, being the sole member entitled to vote on the Special Resolution on the Circulation Date, hereby irrevocably agrees to the Special Resolution

duly authorised signatory
for and on behalf of
Oval Nominees Limited

Date **21 FEBRUARY 2013**

Notes

- 1 If you agree to the resolution, please indicate your agreement by signing and dating this document where indicated above and returning it to the Company by delivering the signed copy to Osborne Clarke, 2 Temple Back East, Temple Quay, Bristol marked for the attention of the Company Secretarial Unit

Please note that return of this document will not be accepted by fax or email.

- 2 **The resolution will lapse if sufficient votes in favour of it have not been received by the end of the day which is 28 days after the Circulation Date (the Circulation Date being counted as day one)** Unless you do not wish to vote on the resolution, please ensure that your agreement reaches the Company on or before this date and time. If the Company has not received this document from you by then you will be deemed to have voted against the resolution.
- 3 Once you have signified your agreement to the resolution such agreement cannot be revoked.

Articles of Association

of

Lime Grove (Bath) Residents' Management Company Limited

Company number 8413609

(Private company limited by guarantee)

Dated 21 February 2013

Osborne Clarke

2 Temple Back East

Temple Quay

Bristol

BS1 6EG

Telephone

+44 (0) 117 917 3000

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Company number 8413609

The Companies Act 2006

Private company limited by guarantee

Articles of Association

of

Lime Grove (Bath) Residents' Management Company Limited

(as adopted by written special resolution passed on 21 February 2013)

Part 1

Interpretation, Limitation of Liability and other miscellaneous provisions

1 Defined terms

1.1 In these articles, unless the context requires otherwise

"**Acts**" means the Companies Acts and every other statute, order, regulation or other subordinate legislation from time to time in force concerning companies and affecting the company

"**alternate**" or "**alternate director**" has the meaning set out in article 23 (*Appointment and removal of alternates*)

"**appointor**" has the meaning set out in article 23 (*Appointment and removal of alternates*)

"**articles**" means the company's articles of association as altered or varied from time to time (and "**article**" means of a provision of these articles)

"**associated company**" has the meaning set out in Section 256, CA2006

"**bankruptcy**" includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy

"**CA2006**" means the Companies Act 2006

"**chairman**" has the meaning set out in article 13 (*Chairing of directors' meetings*)

"**chairman of the meeting**" has the meaning set out in article 32 (*Chairing general meetings*)

"**Companies Acts**" means the Companies Acts (as defined in Section 2, CA2006), in so far as they apply to the company

"**conflicted director**" has the meaning set out in article 15 (*Authorisation of conflicts of interest*)

"**conflict situation**" has the meaning set out in article 15 (*Authorisation of conflicts of interest*)

"Development" means Lime Grove, Lime Grove Gardens, Widcombe, Bath, Somerset, BA2 4HE

"director" means a director of the company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called

"document" includes, unless otherwise specified, any summons, notice, order, register, certificate or other legal process and includes any such document sent or supplied in electronic form

"electronic form" has the meaning set out in Section 1168, CA2006

"eligible director" means a director who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a directors' meeting (but excluding any director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the resolution in question)

"hard copy form" has the meaning set out in Section 1168, CA2006

"holding company" has the meaning set out in Section 1159, CA2006

"member" has the meaning given in Section 112, CA2006

"Managed Property" means the external common areas, parking areas that are accessed off the adopted roadway, the area of soft landscaping located on the opposite side of the roadway to the housing, the provision of public liability insurance cover to cover the managed areas, boundary fences and railings within the managed areas, and associated facilities at the Development

"Model Articles" means the model articles for private companies limited by guarantee as set out in Schedule 2 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229)

"occupational pension scheme" has the meaning set out in Section 235(6), CA2006

"ordinary resolution" has the meaning set out in Section 282, CA2006

"parent undertaking" has the meaning set out in Section 1162, CA2006

"participate", in relation to a directors' meeting, has the meaning set out in article 11 (*Participation in directors' meetings*)

"proxy notice" has the meaning set out in article 38 (*Content of proxy notices*)

"relevant director" means any director or former director of the company or an associated company

"relevant loss" means any costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities which have been or may be incurred by a relevant director, secretary or other officer in the actual or purported execution or discharge of his duties or in the actual or purported exercise of his powers in relation to the affairs of the company, any associated company or any pension fund (including any occupational pension scheme) or employees' share scheme of the company or associated company

"special resolution" has the meaning set out in Section 283, CA2006

"subsidiary" has the meaning set out in Section 1159, CA2006

"subsidiary undertaking" has the meaning set out in Section 1162, CA2006

"unit" means any office, commercial, industrial or residential unit comprised in any property held, managed or administered by the company

"unitholder" means the person or persons who holds the freehold of a unit and so that whenever two or more persons are for the time being unitholders of a unit they shall for all purposes of these articles be deemed to constitute one unitholder

"working day" has the meaning set out in Section 1173, CA2006

"writing" means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise and **"written"** shall be construed accordingly

1 2 Unless the context otherwise requires, (or unless otherwise defined or stated in these articles), other words or expressions contained in these articles bear the same meaning as in CA2006 as in force on the date when these articles become binding on the company

1 3 The Model Articles shall not apply to the company and these articles shall be the articles of association of the company (to the exclusion of any other regulations set out in any statute, statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation from time to time in force)

1 4 References in these articles to a document or information being sent or supplied by or to a company (including the company) shall be construed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1148(3), CA2006 and any reference to "sent" or "supplied" (or other similar term) shall be construed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1148(2), CA2006

2 **Objects**

The objects of the company are restricted to

2 1 acquiring, holding, managing and administering the Managed Property either on its own account or as trustee, nominee or agent of any other company or person,

2 2 acquiring and dealing with and taking options over any property, real or personal, including the Managed Property, and any rights or privileges of any kind over or in respect of any property, and to improving, developing, selling, leasing, accepting, surrendering or disposing of or otherwise dealing with all or any part of such property and any and all rights of the company therein or thereto,

2 3 collecting all rents, charges and other income and to paying any rates, taxes, charges, duties, levies, assessments or other outgoings of whatsoever nature charged, assessed, or imposed on or in respect of the Managed Property or any part of it,

2 4 providing services of every description in relation to the Managed Property and to maintaining, repairing, renewing, redecorating, repainting, cleaning, constructing, altering and adding to the Managed Property and to arranging for the supply to it of services and amenities and the maintenance of the same and the cultivation, maintenance, landscaping and planting of any land, gardens and grounds comprised in the Managed Property and to entering into contracts with builders, tenants, contractors, managing agents and others and to employing appropriate staff and managing or other agents accordingly,

2 5 insuring the Managed Property or any other property of the company or in which it has an interest against damage or destruction and such other risks as may be considered necessary, appropriate or desirable and to insuring the company against public liability and any other risks which it may consider prudent or desirable to insure against, and

2 6 establishing and maintaining capital reserves, management funds and any form of sinking fund in order to pay or contribute towards all fees, costs, and other expenses incurred in the implementation of the company's objects and to requiring the members of the company to contribute towards such reserves or funds at such times, in such amounts and in such manner

as the company may think fit and to investing and dealing in and with such moneys not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be determined

3 Liability of members

The liability of each member is limited to £1, being the amount that each member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while he is a member or within one year after he ceases to be a member, for

- (a) payment of the company's debts and liabilities contracted before he ceases to be a member,
- (b) payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and
- (c) adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves

Part 2

Directors and Secretary – Directors' powers and responsibilities

4 Directors' general authority

Subject to these articles, the directors are responsible for the management of the company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the company. The directors have authority to exercise any powers of the company which are necessary/incidental to the promotion of any or all of the objects of the company set out at article 2

5 Members' reserve power

- 5 1 The members may, by special resolution, direct the directors to take, or refrain from taking, specified action
- 5 2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the directors have done before the passing of the resolution

6 Directors may delegate

- 6 1 Subject to these articles, the directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under these articles
 - (a) to such person or committee,
 - (b) by such means (including by power of attorney),
 - (c) to such an extent,
 - (d) in relation to such matters or territories, and
 - (e) on such terms and conditions,

as they think fit (including whether any such delegation shall be made either collaterally with or to the exclusion of the powers otherwise conferred on the directors under these articles)

- 6 2 If the directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated
- 6 3 The directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions

7 Committees

- 7 1 Committees to which the directors delegate any of their powers may consist of one or more co-opted persons other than directors on whom voting rights may be conferred as members of the committee, provided that the number of co-opted members of the committee shall be less than one-half of the total number of members of the committee and so that no resolution of the committee shall be effective unless a majority of the members of the committee voting on the resolution are directors
- 7 2 Committees to which the directors delegate any of their powers must follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of these articles which govern the taking of decisions by directors
- 7 3 The directors may make rules of procedure for all or any committees which prevail over rules derived from these articles if they are not consistent with them

8 Directors to take decisions collectively

- 8 1 The general rule about decision-making by directors is that any decision of the directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with article 9
- 8 2 If
- (a) the company has only one director for the time being, and
 - (b) no provision of these articles requires it to have more than one director,

save as provided otherwise in these articles the general rule does not apply, and the director may (only for so long as he remains the sole director) take decisions without regard to any of the provisions of these articles relating to directors' decision-making

9 Unanimous decisions

- 9 1 A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all eligible directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter
- 9 2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each eligible director has signed one or more copies of it or to which each eligible director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing
- 9 3 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article 9 if the eligible directors would not have formed a quorum at a directors' meeting held to discuss the matter in question

10 Calling a directors' meeting

- 10 1 Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving notice of the meeting to the directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice
- 10 2 Notice of any directors' meeting must indicate
- (a) its proposed date and time,
 - (b) where it is to take place, and
 - (c) if it is anticipated that directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting
- 10 3 Save as otherwise provided in these articles, notice of a directors' meeting must be given to each director, but need not be in writing

10 4 Notice of a directors' meeting need not be given to directors who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the company not more than 7 days after the date on which the meeting is held. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it.

11 Participation in directors' meetings

11 1 Subject to these articles, directors participate in a directors' meeting, or part of a directors' meeting, when

- (a) the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with these articles, and
- (b) they can each communicate orally, including by means of telephone, video conference or other audio or audio-visual link to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting.

11 2 In determining whether directors are participating in a directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any director is or how they communicate with each other, provided that all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other.

11 3 If all the directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.

12 Quorum for directors' meetings

12 1 At a directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting.

12 2 Subject to Section 175(6), CA 2006, the quorum for directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the directors, and unless otherwise so fixed it shall (save as provided in article 12 3 or any other provisions of these articles) be two.

12 3 In relation to any meeting (or part of any meeting) held pursuant to article 15, if, at the relevant time, the company has only one director other than the conflicted director, the quorum for such meeting (or the part thereof dealing with the authorisation pursuant to article 15) shall be one eligible director.

12 4 If the total number of directors for the time being is less than the quorum required, the directors must not take any decision other than a decision

- (a) to appoint further directors, or
- (b) to call a general meeting so as to enable the members to appoint further directors.

13 Chairing of directors' meetings

13 1 The directors may appoint a director to chair their meetings.

13 2 The person so appointed for the time being is known as the chairman.

13 3 The directors may terminate the chairman's appointment at any time.

13 4 If the chairman is unwilling to chair a directors' meeting or is not participating in a directors' meeting within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start or, if at any time during the meeting, the chairman ceases to be a participating director, the participating directors must appoint one of themselves to chair it (or chair such part of it in relation to which the chairman ceases to be a participating director, as the case may be).

14 **Casting vote**

14 1 Subject to article 14 2, if, at a meeting of the directors, the numbers of votes for and against a proposal are equal, the chairman or other director appointed to chair the meeting pursuant to article 13 4 shall have a casting vote

14 2 At a meeting of the directors (or any part thereof), the chairman or other director appointed to chair the meeting pursuant to article 13 4 shall not have a casting vote in respect of any proposal where the numbers of votes for and against are equal if, in relation to such proposal, such chairman or other director appointed to chair the meeting is not an eligible director

15 **Authorisation of conflicts of interest**

15 1 Subject to and in accordance with the CA2006

(a) the directors may authorise any matter or situation arising on or after 1 October 2008 in which a director (the "**conflicted director**") has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the company (including, without limitation, in relation to the exploitation of any property, information or opportunity, whether or not the company could take advantage of it) and for this purpose a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties (the "**conflict situation**"),

(b) any authorisation given in accordance with this article 15

(i) may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions and/or limitations as the directors may, in their absolute discretion, determine (including, without limitation, excluding the conflicted director and any other interested director from certain directors' meetings, withholding from him or them certain board papers or other papers and/or denying him or them access to certain confidential company information) and such terms, conditions and/or limitations may be imposed at the time of or after the authorisation and may be subsequently varied or terminated, and

(ii) shall be effective only if

(A) any requirement as to the quorum at any meeting of the directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting either the conflicted director or any other interested director, and

(B) the matter or situation was agreed to and any relevant resolution was passed without counting the votes of the conflicted director and without counting the votes of any other interested director (or such matter or situation would have been so agreed and such relevant resolution would have been so passed if their votes had not been counted), and

(c) in considering any request for authorisation in respect of a conflict situation, the directors shall be entitled to exclude the conflicted director from any meeting or other discussion (whether oral or written) concerning the authorisation of such conflict situation and they shall also be entitled to withhold from such conflicted director any board papers or other papers concerning the authorisation of such conflict situation

15 2 If any conflict situation is authorised or otherwise permitted under these articles, the conflicted director (for as long as he reasonably believes such conflict situation subsists)

(a) shall not be required to disclose to the company (including the directors or any committee) any confidential information relating to such conflict situation which he obtains or has obtained otherwise than in his capacity as a director of the company, if to make such disclosure would give rise to a breach of duty or breach of obligation of

confidence owed by him to another person in relation to such matter, office, employment or position,

- (b) shall be entitled to attend or absent himself from all or any meetings of the directors (or any committee) at which anything relating to such conflict situation will or may be discussed, and
- (c) shall be entitled to make such arrangements as he thinks fit to receive or not to receive documents or information (including, without limitation, board papers (or those of any committee of the directors)) relating to any such conflict situation and/or for such documents or information to be received and read by a professional adviser on his behalf,

and in so doing, such conflicted director shall not be in breach of any general duty he owes to the company pursuant to Sections 171 to 177 (inclusive), CA2006 and the provisions of this article 15 shall be without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse the conflicted director from disclosing information or attending meetings or receiving documents or information, in circumstances where such disclosure, attendance or receipt would otherwise be required under these articles

15 3 For the purposes of this article 15, an interest of a person who is, for any purpose of the CA2006 (excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes binding on the company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and, in relation to an alternate director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has otherwise

16 **Directors may have interests and vote and count for quorum**

16 1 Provided permitted by the Acts, and provided he has disclosed to the other directors the nature and extent of his interest pursuant to Section 177 or 182, CA2006 or otherwise pursuant to these articles (as the case may be), a director, notwithstanding his office

- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise directly or indirectly interested in any contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested and may hold any other office or position of profit under the company (except that of auditor or of auditor of a subsidiary of the company) in addition to the office of director and may act by himself or through his firm in a professional capacity for the company and in any such case on such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as the directors may arrange either in addition to or in lieu of any remuneration provided for by any other article,
- (b) may be a member, director or other officer of, or employed by, or hold any other office or position with, or be directly or indirectly interested in any contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal with or a party to or otherwise directly or indirectly interested in, any subsidiary and subsidiary undertaking of the company or any parent undertaking of the company and any of such parent undertaking's subsidiaries or subsidiary undertakings or any other body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested,
- (c) shall not, by reason of his office, be liable to account to the company for any dividend, profit, remuneration, superannuation payment or other benefit which he derives from
 - (i) any matter, office, employment or position which relates to a conflict situation authorised in accordance with article 15, or
 - (ii) any office, employment, contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal or other interest permitted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this article,

and no contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal shall be avoided on the grounds of any director having any such interest or receiving any such dividend, profit, remuneration, superannuation, payment or other benefit authorised in accordance with article 15 or permitted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this article and the receipt of any such dividend, profit, remuneration, superannuation payment or other benefit so authorised or permitted shall not constitute a breach of the duty not to accept benefits from third parties as set out in Section 176, CA2006

- 16 2 For the avoidance of doubt, a director may be or become subject to one or more conflict situations as a result of any matter referred to in paragraph 16 1(b) of article 16 1 without requiring authorisation under the provisions of article 15 provided he has declared, as soon as reasonably practicable, the nature and extent of his interest in the conflict situation The provisions of Section 177(2), Section 177(3), Section 177(5), Section 177(6), Section 184 and Section 185, CA2006 shall be applied (with any necessary modifications) in respect of any such declaration
- 16 3 Subject to Section 175(6), CA2006 and article 15 1(b) above, and save as otherwise provided in these articles, a director may vote at any meeting of the directors or any meeting of any committee of which he is a member on any resolution and a director may participate in the transaction of the business of the directors and count in the quorum at any such meeting of the directors or meeting of any committee of which he is a member notwithstanding that it concerns or relates in any way to a matter in which he has directly or indirectly any kind of interest or duty This article does not affect any obligation of a director to disclose any such interest, whether pursuant to Section 177, CA2006, Section 182, CA2006 or otherwise
- 16 4 Subject to article 16 5, if a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman whose ruling in relation to any director other than the chairman is to be final and conclusive (except in a case where the nature or extent of any interest of the director has not been fairly disclosed)
- 16 5 If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the chairman, the question is to be decided by a decision of the directors at that meeting, for which purpose the chairman is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes
- 16 6 For the purposes of this article 16, an interest of a person who is, for any purpose of the CA2006 (excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes binding on the company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and, in relation to an alternate director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has otherwise

17 **Records of decisions to be kept**

The directors must ensure that the company keeps a record, in writing, for at least 10 years from the date of the decision recorded, of every unanimous or majority decision taken by the directors Notwithstanding the provisions of article 8, where the company only has one director, the provisions of this article 17 shall apply to any decision taken by such director, howsoever taken by him

18 **Directors' discretion to make further rules**

Subject to these articles, the directors may make any rule which they think fit about how they take decisions, and about how such rules are to be recorded or communicated to directors

19 **Methods of appointing directors**

- 19 1 A person who is deemed appointed as a first director of the company on incorporation pursuant to section 16(6), CA2006 shall have the right to appoint any person as a director, and any such person so appointed has the same power to appoint any person to become a director as if he himself had been a first director of the company
- 19 2 Save for persons who are deemed to have been appointed as the first directors of the company on incorporation pursuant to section 16(6), CA2006, and any persons who may be appointed by such directors or persons appointed by them under article 19 1 as additional directors, no person who is not a member of the company or a corporate representative of a member is eligible to hold office as a director
- 19 3 Any member or corporate representative of a member who is willing to act as a director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a director
- (a) by ordinary resolution, or
 - (b) by a decision of the directors
- 19 4 In any case where, as a result of death or bankruptcy, the company has no members and no directors, the personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy of the last member to have died or to have had a bankruptcy order made against him, as the case may be, shall have the right, by notice in writing to the company, to appoint any one person to be a director provided such person is a natural person in accordance with Section 155, CA2006 and provided such person is willing to be so appointed and is otherwise permitted by law to be a director of the company
- 19 5 For the purposes of article 19 4, where two or more members die in circumstances rendering it uncertain who was the last to die, a younger member is deemed to have survived an older member

20 **Termination of director's appointment**

- 20 1 A person ceases to be a director as soon as
- (a) that person ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the CA2006 or is prohibited from being a director by law,
 - (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person,
 - (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts,
 - (d) a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months,
 - (e) by reason of that person's mental health, he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under any mental health legislation for the time being in force in any part of the United Kingdom or a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) makes an order which wholly or partly prevents that person from personally exercising any powers or rights which that person would otherwise have,
 - (f) notification is received by the company from the director that the director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms,

- (g) that person has, for more than six consecutive months, been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors make a decision that that person's office be vacated, or
- (h) he, or the member of which he is the corporate representative, ceases to be a member, provided that this article 20 1(h) shall not apply to any person who is deemed appointed as a first director of the company on incorporation or is appointed pursuant to article 19 1

21 **Directors' remuneration**

21 1 Directors may undertake any services for the company that the directors decide

21 2 Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the directors determine

- (a) for their services to the company as directors, and
- (b) for any other service which they undertake for the company,

(provided that any remuneration for their services to the company as directors pursuant to article 21 2(a) shall not exceed £10,000 per annum for each director)

21 3 Subject to the articles, a director's remuneration may

- (a) take any form, and
- (b) include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that director

21 4 Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors' remuneration accrues from day to day

21 5 Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors are not accountable to the company for any remuneration which they receive as directors or other officers or employees of the company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the company is interested

22 **Directors' expenses**

22 1 The company may pay any reasonable expenses which the directors and the company secretary (if any) properly incur in connection with their attendance at (or returning from)

- (a) meetings of directors or committees of directors,
- (b) general meetings, or
- (c) separate meetings of the holders of debentures of the company,

or otherwise in connection with the business of the company, the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their duties and responsibilities in relation to the company

Alternate directors

23 **Appointment and removal of alternates**

23 1 Any director (other than an alternate director) (the "appointor") may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person who is willing to act, to

- (a) exercise that director's powers, and
- (b) carry out that director's responsibilities,

in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors in the absence of the alternate's appointor
A person (whether or not otherwise a director) may be appointed as an alternate by more than one appointor

23 2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors

23 3 The notice must identify the proposed alternate and, in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice

24 Rights and responsibilities of alternate directors

24 1 Except as these articles specify otherwise, an alternate director has the same rights in relation to any directors' meeting, directors' written resolution or any other directors' decision-making as the alternate's appointor, including, but not limited to, the right to receive notice of all meetings of directors and all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member

24 2 Except as these articles specify otherwise, alternate directors

- (a) are deemed for all purposes to be directors,
- (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions,
- (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors, and
- (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors

24 3 A person who is an alternate director but not otherwise a director

- (a) may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is participating (but only if that person's appointor is not participating), and
- (b) may participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if that person's appointor is an eligible director in respect of such decisions and only if that person's appointor does not participate),

provided that (notwithstanding any other provision of these articles) such person shall not be counted as more than one director for the purposes of paragraphs (a) and (b) above

24 4 A director who is also an alternate for one or more directors is entitled, in the absence of the relevant appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of each appointor in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors (provided the relevant appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision) but shall not count as more than one director for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present

24 5 An alternate director is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate director except such part of the alternate's appointor's remuneration as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the company Notwithstanding any other provision of these articles, an alternate director shall not be entitled to vote on any resolution relating to the remuneration of an alternate director (whether himself or others)

25 Termination of alternate directorship

An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates

- (a) when the alternate's appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the company in writing specifying when it is to terminate,

- (b) on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a director,
- (c) on the death of the alternate's appointor, or
- (d) when the alternate's appointor ceases to be a director for any reason

26 **Secretary**

The directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary of the company on such terms (including, but not limited to, term of office and remuneration) and subject to such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the directors determine, appoint a replacement secretary of the company, in each case by a decision of the directors

Part 3

Members – Becoming and ceasing to be a member

27 **Applications for membership**

27 1 The subscribers to the Memorandum of Association of the company must be registered as the first members of the company. A subscriber may nominate any person to become a member and any such person (other than a unitholder) so nominated has the same power to nominate any person to become a member as if he himself had been a subscriber

27 2 A mortgagee in possession is entitled to be registered as a member in place of a unitholder on serving a notice in writing to the company requesting such registration, together with a certificate confirming that possession has been taken of that unitholder's unit and an official copy of the Charges Register of Title to the unit showing the mortgagee in possession as the registered proprietor of the charge under which possession was taken. On service of such notice and accompanying documents, the unitholder shall automatically cease to be a member and the mortgagee in possession shall be entered in the register of members of the company in place of the unitholder

27 3 Each unitholder shall complete an application for membership in a form approved by the directors

27 4 The directors shall approve for membership

- (a) any nomination made pursuant to article 27 1,
- (b) any application duly completed by a unitholder, and
- (c) any mortgagee in possession who has complied with the requirements of article 27 2

27 5 Save as set out in article 27 1, no person who is not a unitholder or a mortgagee in possession shall become a member of the company

27 6 If a member dies or is adjudged bankrupt, his legal personal representative or representatives or his trustee in bankruptcy shall be entitled to be registered as a member of the company, provided he or they shall for the time being be a unitholder

28 **Termination of membership**

28 1 A member may not withdraw from membership of the company so long as he remains a unitholder

28 2 Membership of the company shall automatically terminate when a member ceases to be a unitholder, provided that this article 28 2 shall not apply to any person who is a subscriber to the Memorandum of Association or is nominated to be a member pursuant to article 27 1

28 3 Membership is not transferable

Part 4

Decision-making by members – Organisation of General Meetings

29 Notice of general meetings

29 1 A general meeting of the company (other than an adjourned meeting) shall be called by notice of at least 14 clear days (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires) but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than ninety percent of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members

29 2 Every notice convening a general meeting shall specify

- (a) the place, the date and the time of the meeting,
- (b) the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting,
- (c) if the meeting is convened to consider a special resolution, the text of the resolution and intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution, and
- (d) with reasonable prominence, that a member is entitled to appoint another person (who does not have to be a member) as his proxy to exercise all or any rights of his to attend, speak and vote at the meeting

29 3 The notice shall be given to the members (other than any who under the provisions of these articles are not entitled to receive notice from the company), to the directors and to the auditors and if more than one for the time being, to each of them

29 4 Subject to the provisions of these articles, notice of a general meeting of the company may be given

- (a) in hard copy form,
- (b) in electronic form, or
- (c) by means of a website,

or partly by one such means and partly by another and the provisions of article 44 shall apply accordingly

29 5 The accidental failure to give notice of general meeting or, in cases where it is intended that it be sent out with the notice, an instrument of proxy, or to give notice of a resolution intended to be moved at a general meeting to, or the non-receipt of any of them by, any person or persons entitled to receive the same shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting and shall be disregarded for the purpose of determining whether the notice of the meeting, instrument of proxy or resolution were duly given

30 Attendance and speaking at general meetings

30 1 A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting

- 30 2 A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when
- (a) that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting, and
 - (b) that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting
- 30 3 The directors may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it
- 30 4 In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more members attending it are in the same place as each other
- 30 5 Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them

31 Quorum for general meetings

- 31 1 No business, other than the appointment of the chairman of the meeting, is to be transacted at a general meeting unless the persons attending it constitute a quorum when the meeting proceeds to business
- 31 2 Whenever the company has only one member, the member present (being an individual) in person or by proxy, or (being a corporation) by a duly authorised representative or by proxy, shall be a quorum. Subject to the provisions of Section 318(2), CA2006, whenever the company has two or more members, two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted (each being a member (being an individual) present in person or by proxy, or (being a corporation) present by a duly authorised representative or by proxy), shall be a quorum

32 Chairing general meetings

- 32 1 If the directors have appointed a chairman, the chairman shall chair general meetings if present and willing to do so
- 32 2 If the directors have not appointed a chairman, or if the chairman is unwilling to chair the meeting or is not present within ten minutes of the time at which a meeting was due to start
- (a) the directors present, or
 - (b) (if no directors are present), the meeting

must appoint a director or member (which may include any proxy appointed by a member) to chair the meeting, and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting

- 32 3 The person chairing a meeting in accordance with this article is referred to as "the chairman of the meeting"

33 Attendance and speaking by directors and non-members

- 33 1 Directors may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are members
- 33 2 The chairman of the meeting may permit other persons who are not members of the company to attend and speak at a general meeting

34 Adjournment

- 34 1 If the persons attending a general meeting within half an hour of the time at which the meeting was due to start do not constitute a quorum, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the chairman of the meeting must adjourn it
- 34 2 The chairman of the meeting may adjourn a general meeting at which a quorum is present if
- (a) the meeting consents to an adjournment, or
 - (b) it appears to the chairman of the meeting that an adjournment is necessary to protect the safety of any person attending the meeting or ensure that the business of the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner
- 34 3 The chairman of the meeting must adjourn a general meeting if directed to do so by the meeting
- 34 4 When adjourning a general meeting, the chairman of the meeting must
- (a) either specify the time and place to which it is adjourned or state that it is to continue at a time and place to be fixed by the directors, and
 - (b) have regard to any directions as to the time and place of any adjournment which have been given by the meeting
- 34 5 If the continuation of an adjourned meeting is to take place more than 14 days after it was adjourned, the company must give at least 7 clear days' notice of it (that is, excluding the day of the adjourned meeting and the day on which the notice is given)
- (a) to the same persons to whom notice of the company's general meetings is required to be given, and
 - (b) containing the same information which such notice is required to contain
- 34 6 No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place
- 34 7 If a quorum is not present at any such adjourned meeting within half an hour from the time appointed for that meeting, or if, during the meeting, a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall be dissolved

35 Voting: general

- 35 1 A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with these articles
- 35 2 Subject to article 35 3 below, on a resolution on a show of hands at a general meeting or on a poll taken at a meeting, each member (whether present in person, by proxy or by authorised representative) has one vote in respect of each unit in which that member has a freehold interest
- 35 3 If and for so long as unitholders do not exist in respect of every unit, those members who are subscribers to the Memorandum of Association or who became members as a result of having been nominated under article 27 1 above or, if there is only one such member or person nominated under article 27 1 above, that member, shall, either jointly if there is more than one such member, or alone, if there is only one such member, have, on a resolution on a show of hands at a general meeting or on a poll taken at a general meeting, three votes in respect of every unit in addition to any vote or votes they may have as members

36 **Errors and disputes**

36 1 No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid

36 2 Any such objection must be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision is final and conclusive

37 **Demanding a poll and procedure on a poll**

37 1 A poll on a resolution may be demanded

- (a) in advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote, or
- (b) at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared

37 2 A poll may be demanded by

- (a) the chairman of the meeting,
- (b) the directors,
- (c) two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution, or
- (d) a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote on the resolution

37 3 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if

- (a) the poll has not yet been taken, and
- (b) the chairman of the meeting consents to the withdrawal,

and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made

37 4 Polls must be taken immediately and in such manner as the chairman of the meeting directs

38 **Content of proxy notices**

38 1 Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a "proxy notice") which

- (a) states the name and address of the member appointing the proxy,
- (b) identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed,
- (c) is signed by or on behalf of the member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the directors may determine, and
- (d) is delivered to the company in accordance with these articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate

38 2 The company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes

38 3 Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions

38 4 Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as

- (a) allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting, and
- (b) appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself

39 Delivery of proxy notices

39 1 The appointment of a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed (or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors) shall be sent or supplied in hard copy form, or (subject to any conditions and limitations which the directors may specify) in electronic form

- (a) to the registered office of the company, or
- (b) to such other address (including electronic address) as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy or any invitation to appoint a proxy sent or supplied by the company in relation to the meeting, or
- (c) as the directors shall otherwise direct,

to be received before the time for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates or, in the case of a poll taken after the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting, before the time appointed for the poll

39 2 Any instrument of proxy not so sent or supplied or received shall be invalid unless the directors at any time prior to the meeting, or the chairman of the meeting at the meeting, in their or his absolute discretion, accept as valid an instrument of proxy where there has not been compliance with the provisions of this article and such proxy shall thereupon be valid notwithstanding such default

39 3 A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the company by or on behalf of that person

39 4 If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf

40 Revocation of proxy notices

40 1 The validity of

- (a) a vote given or poll demanded in accordance with the terms of an appointment of a proxy, or
- (b) anything done by a proxy acting as duly appointed chairman of a meeting, or
- (c) any decision determining whether a proxy counts in a quorum at a meeting,

shall not be affected notwithstanding the death or mental disorder of the appointor or the revocation of the appointment of the proxy (or of the authority under which the appointment of the proxy was executed), unless notice in writing of such death, mental disorder or revocation shall have been

- (i) sent or supplied to the company or any other person as the company may require in the notice of the meeting, any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting or in any invitation to appoint a proxy

issued by the company in relation to the meeting, in any manner permitted for the sending or supplying of appointments of proxy pursuant to these articles, and

- (ii) received at the registered office of the company (or such other address (including electronic address) as has been designated for the sending or supplying of appointments of proxy), before the time for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates or, in the case of a poll taken after the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting, before the time appointed for the poll

41 Votes of proxies

- 41 1 The company shall be under no obligation to ensure or otherwise verify that any votes(s) cast by a proxy are done so in accordance with any such instructions given by the member by whom such proxy is appointed. In the event that a vote cast by such proxy is not done so in accordance with the instructions of the member by whom such proxy is appointed, such vote shall not be deemed to be invalid
- 41 2 On a vote on a resolution on a show of hands, where a proxy is appointed by more than one member (provided that, where some only of those members by whom the proxy is appointed instruct the proxy to vote in a particular way, those members all instruct such proxy to vote in the same way on a resolution (either "for" or "against")) such proxy shall be entitled to cast a second vote the other way in relation to any discretionary vote(s) given to him by other members by whom such proxy is appointed

42 Amendments to resolutions

- 42 1 An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if
 - (a) notice of the proposed amendment is given to the company in writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the chairman of the meeting may determine), and
 - (b) the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the chairman of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution
- 42 2 A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution, if
 - (a) the chairman of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed, and
 - (b) the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution
- 42 3 If the chairman of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the chairman's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution

43 Written resolutions of members

- 43 1 A written resolution proposed in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the CA2006 shall lapse if it is not passed before the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date (as such is construed pursuant to Section 290, CA2006)
- 43 2 Subject to article 43 3, on a written resolution, each member has one vote in respect of each unit in which that member has a freehold interest

- 43 3 If and for so long as unitholders do not exist in respect of every unit, those members who are subscribers to the Memorandum of Association or who became members as a result of having been nominated under article 27 1 above or, if there is only one such member or person nominated under article 27 1 above, that member, shall, either jointly if there is more than one such member, or alone, if there is only one such member, have, on a written resolution, three votes in respect of every unit in addition to any vote or votes they may have as members

Part 5

Administrative Arrangements

44 Company communications

- 44 1 Subject to the provisions of the Acts (and save as otherwise provided in these articles), any document or information required or authorised to be sent or supplied by the company to any member or any other person (including a director) pursuant to these articles, the Companies Acts or any other rules or regulations to which the company may be subject, may be sent or supplied in hard copy form, in electronic form, by means of a website or in any other way in which documents or information may be sent or supplied by the company pursuant to the Companies Acts
- 44 2 Subject to the articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being
- 44 3 The provisions of CA2006 which apply to sending or supplying a document or information required or authorised to be sent or supplied by the Companies Acts by making it available on a website shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to the sending or supplying of any document or information required or authorised to be sent by these articles or any other rules or regulations to which the company may be subject, by making it available on a website
- 44 4 The company may send or supply any document or information to a member or any other person (including a director) pursuant to these articles, the Companies Acts or any other rules or regulations to which the company may be subject, either personally, or by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member (or such other person) at his registered address or at his address for service, or by leaving it at that address or any other address for the time being notified to the company by the member (or such other person) for the purpose, or by sending or supplying it using electronic means to an electronic address for the time being notified to the company by the member (or such other person) for the purpose, or by any other means authorised in writing by the member (or such other person) concerned
- 44 5 A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives the company an address within the United Kingdom to which documents or information may be sent or supplied to him or gives an electronic address to which documents or information may be sent or supplied using electronic means, shall be entitled to have documents or information sent or supplied to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any document or information from the company
- 44 6 If, on at least 2 consecutive occasions, the company has attempted to send any document or information by electronic means to an address specified (or deemed specified) for the purpose and a delivery failure (or other similar) notification has been received by the company, the company thereafter shall send documents or information in hard copy form or electronic form (but not by electronic means) to such member at his registered address or address for service within the United Kingdom (whether by hand, by post or by leaving it or them at such address), in which case the provisions of article 44 7 shall apply
- 44 7 If on 3 consecutive occasions documents or information have been sent or supplied to any member at his registered address or address for the service of such documents or information in the United Kingdom but have been returned undelivered, such member shall not thereafter

be entitled to receive any documents or information from the company until he shall have communicated with the company and supplied in writing a new registered address or address within the United Kingdom for the service of documents or information or an electronic address to which documents or information may be sent or supplied using electronic means

- 44 8 Any member present, in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the company, shall be deemed to have received due notice of such meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which such meeting was called
- 44 9 Save as provided otherwise in these articles, any document or information addressed to a member (or other person to whom such document or information is required or authorised to be sent pursuant to these articles, the Companies Acts or otherwise) at his registered address or address for service (in the case of a member, in the United Kingdom) or electronic address, as the case may be, shall
- (a) if hand delivered or left at a registered address or other address for service (in the case of a member in the United Kingdom), be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day on which it was so delivered or left,
 - (b) if sent or supplied by post (whether in hard copy form or in electronic form), be deemed to have been received at the expiration of 24 hours after the envelope was posted,
 - (c) if sent or supplied by electronic means (other than by means of website), be deemed to have been received (if sent or supplied between the hours of 9 a m and 5 p m on a working day) at the time it was sent, or (if sent or supplied at any other time) at 9 a m on the next following working day, and
 - (d) if sent or supplied by means of a website, be deemed to have been received when the material was first made available on the website or, if later, when the recipient received (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material was available on the website
- 44 10 In calculating a period of hours for the purpose of article 44 9, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day
- 44 11 A director may agree with the company that documents sent to that director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than those set out in article 44 9
- 44 12 Subject to article 44 8, in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope containing the document or information was properly addressed and put into the post in a prepaid envelope or, in the case of a document or information sent or supplied by electronic means, that it was sent or supplied in accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators entitled "Electronic Communications with Shareholders 2007" (as such guidance is amended or updated from time to time)
- 44 13 The company shall not be held responsible for any failure in transmission beyond its reasonable control and the provisions of article 44 8 to article 44 12 (inclusive) shall apply regardless of any document or information being returned undelivered and regardless of any delivery failure notification or "out of office" or other similar response and any such "out of office" or other similar response shall not be considered to be a delivery failure
- 45 Company seals**
- 45 1 Any common seal may only be used by the authority of the directors or a committee of the directors
- 45 2 The directors may decide by what means and in what form any common seal is to be used

45 3 Unless otherwise decided by the directors, if the company has a common seal and it is affixed to a document, the document must also be signed by at least one authorised person in the presence of a witness who attests the signature

45 4 For the purposes of this article, an authorised person is

- (a) any director of the company,
- (b) the company secretary (if any), or
- (c) any person authorised by the directors for the purpose of signing documents to which the common seal is applied

46 **No right to inspect accounts and other records**

Except as provided by law or authorised by the directors or an ordinary resolution of the company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a member

47 **Indemnity and Funds**

47 1 Subject to article 47 2 (but otherwise to the fullest extent permitted by law) and without prejudice to any indemnity to which he may otherwise be entitled

- (a) a relevant director, secretary or other officer (other than any person engaged as auditor) of the company or an associated company may, at the discretion of the directors, be indemnified out of the company's assets against all or any part of any costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by that director, secretary or other officer
 - (i) in the actual or purported exercise of his powers in relation to the affairs of the company or an associated company, and
 - (ii) in connection with the activities of the company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme, and
- (b) a relevant director, secretary or other officer (other than any person engaged as auditor) of the company or any holding company may, at the discretion of the directors, be provided with funds to meet any expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him as provided in Section 205 and/or Section 206, CA2006 (or enable him to avoid incurring any such expenditure)

47 2 This article does not authorise any indemnity or provision of funds which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law

48 **Insurance**

Subject to the provisions of the CA2006, the directors may in their absolute discretion decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the company, for the benefit of any relevant director, secretary or other officer (other than any person engaged as auditor) of the company or associated company in respect of all or any part of any relevant loss

49 **Rules**

49 1 The directors may make such rules as they consider necessary or convenient for the proper conduct and management of the company In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the directors may make rules regulating -

- (a) the conduct of members of the company in relation to one another, and to the company's officers and employees,

- (b) the setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of any property managed or administered by the company at any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes,
 - (c) the procedure at general meetings and meetings of the directors and committees of the company (in so far as such procedure is not governed by these articles), and
 - (d) any and all other matters as are commonly the subject matter of company rules
- 49 2 The directors must adopt such means as they consider sufficient to bring to the notice of members of the company all rules made under this article
- 49 3 Any rules made by the directors under this article will be valid and binding as against all members of the company for so long as such rules are in force
- 49 4 The company in general meeting may alter or repeal any rules made by the directors in accordance with this article
- 49 5 Nothing in this article permits the directors of the company to make any rules which are inconsistent with or affect or repeal anything in these articles or in any resolution passed by members of the company or agreement to which Chapter 3 of Part 3 of CA2006 applies