

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

# S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

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Company Number

02992098
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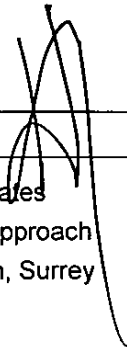
Name of Company

Zanex Ltd
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I,  
Hasan Mirza  
Cantium House  
Railway Approach  
Wallington, Surrey  
SM6 0DZ

the liquidator of the company attach a copy of my statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed



Date

15/12/2013

AGAssociates  
Railway Approach  
Wallington, Surrey  
SM6 0DZ

Ref ZAN001/RN

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FRIDAY

COMPANIES HOUSE

**Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the  
Insolvency Act 1986**

Name of Company	Zanex Ltd
Company Registered Number	02992098
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Members
Date of commencement of winding up	23 July 2008
Date to which this statement is brought down	22 January 2013

**Name and Address of Liquidator**

Hasan Mirza  
Cantium House  
Railway Approach  
Wallington, Surrey  
SM6 0DZ

**NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

**Form and Contents of Statement**

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

**Trading Account**

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

**Dividends**

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

Liquidator's statement of account  
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

<b>Realisations</b>			
<b>Date</b>	<b>Of whom received</b>	<b>Nature of assets realised</b>	<b>Amount</b>
		Brought Forward	1,464,025 58
<b>Carried Forward</b>			<b>1,464,025 58</b>

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account



**Analysis of balance**

Total realisations		£	
Total disbursements		1,464,025 58	
		1,462,183 71	
	Balance £		1,841 87
This balance is made up as follows			
1	Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2	Balance at bank		1,841 87
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
4	Amounts invested by liquidator	£	
	Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
	Balance		0 00
5	Accrued Items		0 00
	Total Balance as shown above		1,841 87

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up
- |   | £    |
|---|------|
| Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges) | 0 00 |
| Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors  | 0 00 |
| Floating charge holders   | 0 00 |
| Preferential creditors  | 0 00 |
| Unsecured creditors   | 0 00 |
- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -
- |   |      |
|---|------|
| Paid up in cash                           | 0 00 |
| Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash | 0 00 |
- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)
- None
- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded
- Waiting balance final Vat refund
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed
- 6 months