

**Candy Mechanics Ltd FILLETED  
ACCOUNTS COVER**

**Candy Mechanics Ltd**

**Company No. 09749521**

**Information for Filing with The Registrar**

**31 March 2018**

**Candy Mechanics Ltd**  
**DIRECTORS REPORT**  
**REGISTRAR**

The Directors present their report and the accounts for the period ended 31 March 2018.

**Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company during the period under review was the personalisation of confectionery.

**Directors**

The Directors who served at any time during the period were as follows:

M.P. Bowcock  
C.W. Leigh  
S.J. Part  
B.W.R. Redford  
M.H. Whitby

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

C.W. Leigh  
Director  
15 June 2018

**Candy Mechanics Ltd BALANCE  
SHEET REGISTRAR  
at 31 March 2018**

<b>Company No. 09749521</b>	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2018 £</b>	<b>2017 £</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	3	15,589	5,084
		<u>15,589</u>	<u>5,084</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks	4	8,045	5,000
Debtors	5	99,354	26,146
Cash at bank and in hand		26,748	62,125
		<u>134,147</u>	<u>93,271</u>
<b>Creditors: Amount falling due within one</b>	6	(94,193)	(33,856)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>39,954</u>	<u>59,415</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>55,543</u>	<u>64,499</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>55,543</u></u>	<u><u>64,499</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		204	166
Share premium account	7	588,378	330,780
Profit and loss account	7	(533,039)	(266,447)
<b>Total equity</b>		<u><u>55,543</u></u>	<u><u>64,499</u></u>

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the period ended 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 15 June 2018

And signed on its behalf by:

S.J. Part  
Director

**Candy Mechanics Ltd NOTES TO  
THE ACCOUNTS REGISTRAR  
for the period ended 31 March 2018**

**1 Accounting policies**

**Basis of preparation**

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Companies Act 2006 . There were no material departures from that standard.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the accounting policies set out below.

**Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
  - the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
  - the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
  - it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

## **Taxation**

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

## **Tangible fixed assets and depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Plant and machinery	33.33% Straight line
Furniture, fittings and equipment	33.33% Straight line

## **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

### Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations. The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

## 2 Employees

	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Number</b>
The average number of persons employed during the period :	7	5

## 3 Tangible fixed assets

	<b>Plant and machinery</b>	<b>Fixtures, fittings and equipment</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost or revaluation</b>			
At 1 September 2017	5,796	3,083	8,879
Additions	9,292	5,893	15,185
At 31 March 2018	<u>15,088</u>	<u>8,976</u>	<u>24,064</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 September 2017	2,586	1,209	3,795
Charge for the year	2,934	1,746	4,680
At 31 March 2018	<u>5,520</u>	<u>2,955</u>	<u>8,475</u>
<b>Net book values</b>			
At 31 March 2018	<u>9,568</u>	<u>6,021</u>	<u>15,589</u>
At 31 August 2017	<u>3,210</u>	<u>1,874</u>	<u>5,084</u>

## 4 Stocks

	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Raw materials and consumables	<u>8,045</u>	<u>5,000</u>
	<u>8,045</u>	<u>5,000</u>

## 5 Debtors

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors	824	4,500
Corporation tax recoverable	78,856	-
VAT recoverable	13,380	12,077
Other debtors	3,823	3,832
Prepayments and accrued income	2,471	5,737
	<u>99,354</u>	<u>26,146</u>

## 6 Creditors:

amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	11,792	-
Other taxes and social security	5,606	3,057
Loans from directors	20,000	20,000
Other creditors	41,979	10,000
Accruals and deferred income	14,816	799
	<u>94,193</u>	<u>33,856</u>

## 7 Reserves

Share premium account - includes any premiums received on issue of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium.

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

## 8 Related party disclosures

	2018	2017
	£	£
<b>Transactions with related parties</b>		
<i>Name of related party</i>	M.P. Bowcock	
<i>Description of relationship between the parties</i>	Director	
<i>Description of transaction and general amounts involved</i>	Directors loan	
<i>Amount due from/(to) the related party</i>	(20,000)	(20,000)
<i>Provision for doubtful debts due from the related party</i>	-	-
<i>Amounts written off in the period in respect of debts from/(to) the related party</i>	-	-
<b>Controlling party</b>		
Immediate controlling party	No single party controls the company.	

## 9 Additional information

Its registered number is:

09749521

Its registered office is:

74 Long Lane

London

SE1 4AU

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.